

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
DALLAS DIVISION**

DESIRAE ANN HOUSER, #50526-177	§	
Petitioner,	§	
	§	
v.	§	CIVIL NO. 3:16-CV-2687-B-BK
	§	(CRIMINAL NO. 3:14-CR-367-B-58)
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	§	
Respondent.	§	

**FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION
OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE**

Pursuant to [28 U.S.C. § 636\(b\)](#) and *Special Order 3*, this case was referred to the United States Magistrate Judge for judicial screening. Petitioner, a federal prisoner, filed a *pro se* motion to vacate sentence under [28 U.S.C. § 2255](#), and *Motion for Minor Role Adjustment and Sentence Reduction Based on United States v. Quintero-Leyva and Pursuant to Amd. 794 and 28 U.S.C. § 2255. [Doc. 3](#); [Doc. 3-1](#)*. By both, she seeks a sentence reduction for minor role in the criminal activity. Upon review of the relevant pleadings and law, and for the reasons that follow, it is recommended that the section 2255 motion be summarily dismissed and that the *Motion for Minor Role Adjustment and Sentence Reduction* be denied.¹

I. BACKGROUND

On February 2, 2016, Petitioner pled guilty to possessing a controlled substance with intent to distribute and, on June 16, 2016, she was sentenced to 65 months' imprisonment and a three-year term of supervised release. [Crim. Doc. 1924](#); [Crim. Doc. 2497](#). She did not file a direct appeal. In the sole ground alleged in this timely section 2255 motion, Petitioner claims

¹ See Rule 4(b) of the Rules Governing Section 2255 Proceedings for the United States District Courts. ("If it plainly appears from the motion, any attached exhibits, and the record of prior proceedings that the moving party is not entitled to relief, the judge must dismiss the motion and direct the clerk to notify the moving party.").

she should have received a role adjustment for minor or minimal participation under United States Sentencing Guideline section [3B1.2](#), as clarified by Guideline Amendment 794.² See [Doc. 3 at 4](#). She requests that her sentence be reduced because she was “less culpable than the other participants in the criminal activity.” [Doc. 3 at 4](#). In support, Petitioner cites *United States v. Quintero-Leyva*, 823 F.3d 519 (9th Cir. 2016), which held that Amendment 794 is a “clarifying amendment,” and therefore applies retroactively on direct appeal. *Id.*, at 522-23. That holding is inapposite here, however, since Petitioner seeks collateral, rather than direct review. In any event, Petitioner’s objection to the calculation of the sentencing guidelines is not cognizable in a section 2255 action.

II. ANALYSIS

After conviction and exhaustion or waiver of the right to direct appeal, the court presumes that a petitioner stands fairly and finally convicted. See *United States v. Cervantes*, 132 F.3d 1106, 1109 (5th Cir. 1998) (citing *United States v. Shaid*, 937 F.2d 228, 231-32 (5th Cir. 1991) (*en banc*)). “Section 2255 motions may raise only constitutional errors and other injuries that could not have been raised on direct appeal that will result in a miscarriage of justice if left unaddressed. Misapplications of the Sentencing Guidelines fall into neither category and hence are not cognizable in § 2255 motions.” *United States v. Williamson*, 183 F.3d 458, 462 (5th Cir. 1999) (internal citation omitted) (citing *United States v. Segler*, 37 F.3d 1131, 1134 (5th Cir. 1994); *United States v. Faubion*, 19 F.3d 226, 233 (5th Cir. 1994)).³

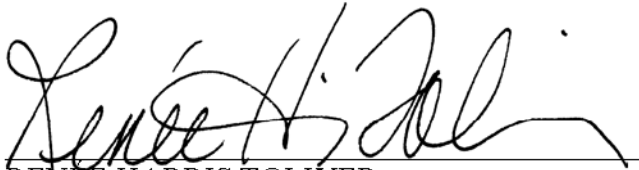
² Amendment 794, which became effective on November 1, 2015, did not alter the text of [USSG §3B1.2](#), but merely clarified that the court should compare the defendant’s role to that of the other participants in the criminal activity at issue, and not to that of participants in other, similar crimes. [USSG §3B1.2](#), comment 3(A).

³The record reflects Petitioner did not object to the conclusion in the presentence investigation report (PSR) that no adjustment for role in the offense was warranted, or to the Court’s adoption

III. RECOMMENDATION

Because Petitioner's challenge to the application of the Sentencing Guidelines is not cognizable in a [section 2255](#) motion, it is recommended that the motion to vacate sentence under [28 U.S.C. § 2255](#) be summarily **DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE**, *see* Rule 4(b) of the Rules Governing Section 2255 Proceedings for the United States District Courts, and that the *Motion for Minor Role Adjustment and Sentence Reduction*, [Doc. 3-1](#), be **DENIED**.

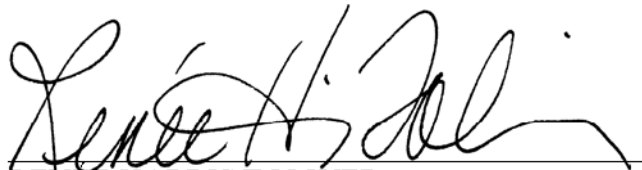
SIGNED October 11, 2016.



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INSTRUCTIONS FOR SERVICE AND NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL/OBJECT

A copy of this report and recommendation will be served on all parties in the manner provided by law. Any party who objects to any part of this report and recommendation must file specific written objections within 14 days after being served with a copy. *See* [28 U.S.C. § 636\(b\)\(1\)](#); [FED. R. CIV. P. 72\(b\)](#). In order to be specific, an objection must identify the specific finding or recommendation to which objection is made, state the basis for the objection, and specify the place in the magistrate judge's report and recommendation where the disputed determination is found. An objection that merely incorporates by reference or refers to the briefing before the magistrate judge is not specific. Failure to file specific written objections will bar the aggrieved party from appealing the factual findings and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge that are accepted or adopted by the district court, except upon grounds of plain error. *See* [Douglass v. United Services Automobile Ass'n](#), 79 F.3d 1415, 1417 (5th Cir. 1996).



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of that conclusion. [Crim. Doc. 2235-1 at 10](#) (PSR ¶ 31); [Crim. Doc. 2498 at 1](#) (Statement of Reasons).